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ETHIOPIA

ADDIS REPORTS ARRIVAL OF SOMALI INFORMATION DELEGATION

LDO41850 Addis Ababa Domestic Service in Amharic 1700 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Summary] "A Somali delegation led by Mr Said Mohamed [name indistinct], acting director of the Somali Information Ministry, arrived in Addis Ababa this morning to attend the African information ministers' meeting, which opened in Addis Ababa this morning. On arrival, the delegation was welcomed by Ato Wale Girma, head of the Public Relations Department of the Ministry of Information and OAU officials."

Guinea's information minister, a Nigerian delegation led by the director of information, and delegates from Seychelles, Lesotho and Botswana also arrived in Addis Ababa today to attend the African information ministers' meeting.

AFRICAN INFORMATION MINISTERS DISCUSS PAN-AFRICAN AGENCY

LDO41712 Addis Ababa Domestic Service in English 1015 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Summary] African information ministers are meeting in Addis Ababa to discuss establishing a pan-African news agency. At the opening session this morning, Provisional Military Administrative Council Chairman Mengistu Haile Mariam said the proposed pan-African news agency, PANA, should reflect the legitimate struggle of African peoples for freedom, equality, justice and genuine democracy.

Earlier, the chairman of the conference, Ethiopia's minister of information, Maj Girma Yilma, said that the task was to break the monopoly of a few Western news agencies in the gathering, processing and dissemination of African news.

The conference, which will last 3 days, was also addressed by the OAU secretary general and the deputy director general of UNESCO.

DISMISSAL OF ELF-PLF LEADER SABBE REPORTED

LDO41237 London ASH-SHARQ AL-AWSAT in Arabic 3 Apr 79 p 3 LD

[ASH-SHARQ AL-AWSAT dispatch]

[Excerpts] Khartoum--Observers in Khartoum were surprised in the past 2 days by the announcement that a rift has occurred in the Eritrean Liberation Front-Popular Liberation Forces [ELF-PLF] headed by Osman Saleh Sabbe. The announcement said that a group of the front's rebels have toppled Sabbe and dismissed him from the front's command, accusing him of squandering the front's funds and opening a secret account in his name in London.

Eritrean sources in Khartoum said that Sabbe was toppled in accordance with a plan laid down by several Arab and foreign quarters and that the next step will be the integration of those who remain in Sabbe's front with the two other Eritrean fronts.

But the matter will not end here and it is expected that Sabbe supporters will set up a new, fourth or even fifth, front and the bloody strife from which the Eritrean people and their cause have suffered will continue.

Osman Sabbe has denied expropriating the front's fund or opening secret accounts, but Isaias Afewerki [leader of the Eritrean Popular Liberation Front] says he has evidence corroborating this charge. However, the final say is always with the stronger man, and Isaias is the stronger.

KENYA

MOI RECEIVES NEW HIGH COMMISSIONERS, AMBASSADORS

LDO42022 Nairobi Domestic Service in English 1400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Excerpt] At the State House in Nairobi, President Moi said today that it is only through unity that freedom for the oppressed countries in southern Africa will be hastened. He remarked that independence for Zimbabwe could have been achieved even 3 years ago had the liberation movements there been united.

President Moi said this when he received the credentials from two high commissioners and two ambassadors newly accredited to Kenya. The high commissioners are Dr John Melamu of Botswana; Mr (Pabiso Chella) of Zambia; the new Zairian ambassador to Kenya, Mr (Binto Chibolla), and the first Irish ambassador to Kenya, Mr Michael Christopher Green.

He said that Kenya, through the OAU, will continue to support the liberation movements fighting for the redemption of their people in southern Africa.

While receiving credentials from the new Botswana high commissioner, President Moi told him that Kenyans admired the stand taken by Botswana on the liberation struggle in southern Africa. He advised the people of Botswana to ignore those who might want to delay the freedom of the affected countries, and promised that Kenya will do all humanly possible to enhance good relations between the two countries. He asked him to convey his greetings and all of Kenya's to his president, Sir Seretse Khama.

Receiving credentials from the Zairian ambassador, President Moi said that Kenya will play its part in helping Zaire to alleviate its transportation and communication problems. He reiterated that Kenya believed in good neighborliness and told the envoy that problems emanating from misunderstandings between countries should be solved amicably. He promised the ambassador that Kenya will maintain the old friendly relationship between the two countries.

The president, who had a busy day, also received credentials from the new Zambian high commissioner Mr (Chella). The president told him that the people of Kenya shared with their Zambian brothers the sufferings inflicted on them by racist rulers in the area for supporting liberation movements. He said that Kenya was truly united with Zambia on its stand as far as the liberation of the oppressed countries in southern Africa was concerned. He confirmed good relations existing between the two nations economically.

SOMALIA

SOMALIA CALLS FOR TRANSFER OF OAU HEADQUARTERS

JN041914 Khartoum SUNA in English 1800 GMT 4 Apr 79 JN

[Text] Mogadiscio April 4 (SUNA)--Somalia yesterday condemned Ethiopia for refusing to give an entry visa to the Somali delegation to attend the African information ministers conference which started today in Addis Ababa. A statement by Somali Information and National Guidance Ministry yesterday described the refusal as violating the charter and principles of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). It said such behavior demonstrates that Ethiopia does not respect international charters. The statement called on African heads of state to adopt proper measures to transfer the OAU headquarters from Ethiopia.

MOGADISCIO: UGANDA UNABLE TO MEET COFFEE EXPORT PLEDGES

LDO41954 Mogadiscio Domestic Service in Somali 1700 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] Uganda, which is the world's eighth largest exporter of coffee, has told coffee buyers of its inability to meet its coffee supply commitments to international markets, due to the current war in Uganda. This report, which has been released by the Uganda Government, may cause world coffee prices to rise. Before the war between Tanzania and Uganda, it was reported that Uganda had 2 million 60 kg bags of coffee in stock.

REGIONAL PARTY OFFICIALS TO TOUR CHINA

LDO42040 Mogadiscio Domestic Service in Somali 1400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Excerpt] The SDR vice president, Challe Brig Ismail Ali Abokar, today hosted a luncheon for regional party committee secretaries at [name indistinct] hotel. The secretaries, who have just completed a weeklong seminar [words indistinct], will leave tomorrow for a study tour of China.

Addressing them, Challe Ismail Ali Abokar said the revolution's reasons for arranging tours of this kind to friendly countries are for them to increase their knowledge of the socialist system, party mechanisms, industry, agriculture, social development, the setting up of cooperatives, and the development of the means of production in general. Challe Ismail Ali Abokar told the secretaries to see for themselves how the Chinese have worked to develop their country in every aspect and for this reason they should also learn [word indistinct] how that country has progressed. Challe Ismail Ali Abokar also [words indistinct] the development plans or steps taken by that country in the interests of its people.

SOMALI FRONT: 15 ETHIOPIANS KILLED IN ATTACK

LDO41730 (Clandestine) Voice of Western Somali and Abo Liberation Fronts in Somali to Western Somalia 0930 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Summary] Fifteen Abyssinian soldiers were killed on 30 March while crossing a bridge near Kowahe in the district of Kebri Dehar in a surprise attack launched by the freedom fighters of the Western Somali Liberation Front. The enemy forces were transporting arms for besieged units.

TANZANIA

DAR ES SALAAM CITES FOREIGN NEWS AGENCIES ON FIGHTING

LD050550 Dar es Salaam in English to Central and Southern Africa 0400 GMT 5 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] Nairobi--Western news agencies have reported that the anti-Amin forces have occupied parts of the Ugandan capital, Kampala, after overrunning strategic army and military police barracks in the southern suburbs of the capital.

Kampala residents, in telephone calls with correspondents in Nairobi, said the liberation forces of the Uganda National Liberation Front (UNLF) were holding positions within 3 km from the city center. The news agencies say the anti-Amin forces captured the military police barracks at Makindye and the army barracks at Malire after launching heavy artillery on the enemy. The French news agency, AFP, said a large number of soldiers inside the Makindye military barracks were killed when the barracks were bombarded.

The offensive began after the anti-Amin forces had cut the road from Kampala to Entebbe International Airport and had attacked Libyan troops on the road east of the capital, leaving it almost surrounded.

In a telephone conversation with the BBC an official in Kampala said most of the Libyans had run away after a big battle on Tuesday night. A mainly Libyan force suffered heavy casualties when it tried to set up an ambush on the road to the airport at Entebbe, but was ambushed itself. Most of the Libyans are said to have pulled out of Kampala towards Jinja.

Meanwhile the UNLF reported in Dar es Salaam yesterday that top officials of the regime of fascist Idi Amin have abandoned the administration, which is under pressure from liberation forces.

UGANDA NATIONAL LIBERATION FRONT SAYS AMIN'S TOP OFFICIALS DESERTING

NC051125 Paris AFP in English 1111 GMT 5 Apr 79 NC

[Text] Dar es Salaam, Apr 5, (AFP)--The Uganda National Liberation Front (UNLF) today claimed that top officials of Uganda President Idi Amin's regime, including his British advisor Major Bob Astles, had abandoned their posts and were now in Nairobi.

The front identified other "deserters" as Lieutenant Colonel Nassur, governor of the Central Province, Brigadier Ali Padmul, minister for administration, Colonel Lukakama, minister for works, and Khalid Kinene, permanent representative to the United Nations.

The front statement, quoted by the DAILY NEWS, said that Brigadier Padmul ordered the killing of two Americans in Mbarara in 1971--a journalist named Stroh and a professor named Seddle who went there to investigate alleged mass murders at the Simba Battalion.

Others said by UNLF to be "lurking" in Nairobi were Juma Fadel Mula, general manager of the Uganda Breweries, and Ismail Sebbi, minister for animal resources.

UGANDA

KAMPALA CITES GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN ON NYERERE'S 'MADNESS'

LDO41712 Kampala Domestic Service in English 1400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] A Ugandan Government spokesman has stated that Kambarage Nyerere has caused so much [more] harm to the Ugandan population in the disturbed areas than all the unfounded allegations which have been made against Field Marshal Amin by those who are envious of his popularity in the Afro-Arab world. The spokesman said so far Nyerere's entire military (?worth) has affected the Ugandan civilian population more than it appears to claim direct itself against the Uganda Armed Forces. [sentence as heard] Since the Tanzanian aggression against Uganda's territorial integrity commenced as far back as 1972, hundreds of thousands of Ugandans, children, men and women, including the aged, have lost their lives.

In the current conflict, the spokesman notes, in which Kambarage Nyerere has been trying to show his borrowed military power by shelling Ugandan territory from border to the interior of Uganda, he appears to have done little damage to the Ugandan Armed Forces as much as he has succeeded in causing more deaths among the civilian population. The spokesman says Nyerere has disturbed the civilian population by forcing communities to flee their homes, and families to be separated. However, the spokesman went on, Nyerere should not think that Ugandans will forget this fact (?and) the disruption of their lives in Uganda by Tanzania.

How could the world curse Idi Amin as a harsh leader and [praise] Nyerere as a wise leader when he has shown no wisdom expected of a guiding leader, but instead turned to inhumanity with a merciless callous hand against civilians? How could the world or anyone consider for a moment that these Ugandan people whom Nyerere has forced to flee their homes, who have been living with their families in their houses, in their farms, in their villages for years under the Amin rule which Nyerere calls a dictatorship? [sentence as heard] It is Nyerere's madness, the spokesman noted, to unsettle human communities. That is why he has dreamed of his futile ujamaa villages, forcing Tanzanian families to leave their homes and surroundings in a natural homestead into artificial ujamaa villages, separating neighbors and forcing them into strange environments. Before succeeding in his ujamaa villages in Tanzania itself, Nyerere indoctrinated and confused Obote into starting a similar scheme in Uganda through the Common Man's Charter, which shuts up the Ugandan common man.

Having failed with Obote, and now failing in Tanzania, Nyerere has forced Uganda families to flee their homes. It has been a bitter experience for the civilian people of Uganda, but Nyerere's dreams of Tanzania, Obote's Uganda and Africa will not succeed. Idi Amin will emerge a victor for the whole world to see and Obote and Nyerere [will] weep.

INFORMATION MINISTRY OFFICIAL ASKS STAFF TO 'CARRY OUT TASKS'

LDO41222 Kampala Domestic Service in English 0400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] An official of the Ministry of Information, Broadcasting and Tourism reminds the information staff up country that they have an obligation to carry out their duties without fear or favor. They are therefore expected to cover activities taking place in their areas and send stories to the ministry headquarters for news on mass media.

The official was convinced that there are activities being carried out by the people, or affecting the people, which the information staff is not covering. The staff is urged to pull up their socks and to insure that such activities are covered to insure a constant flow of news to the ministry headquarters.

PLANT MANAGER APPEALS TO STAFF TO REPORT FOR DUTY

LDO41224 Kampala Domestic Service in English 0400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] The general manager of TUMPECO [Uganda Metal Products and Enamelling Co], Mr (Abdullah Sanir), on behalf of the management, wishes to express their appreciation to the staff of the company who have since [as heard] continued to report on duty on time. He would, however, like to avail himself of this opportunity to appeal to those who are particularly living outside the city of Kampala to try their utmost to report on duty as usual by whatever transport means that may come their way. This is particularly important owing to several government assignments, all of which are yet to be accomplished.

REBELS ATTACK MILITARY POLICE HEADQUARTERS NEAR KAMPALA

NC041220 Paris AFP in English 1214 GMT 4 Apr 79 NC

[Text] Nairobi, Apr 4 (AFP)--Anti-Amin forces overran the Ugandan military police headquarters at Mackindye, two miles (three km) from the centre of Kampala, reports reaching here said.

The attack was launched during the night with heavy artillery. Numerous soldiers inside the barracks were killed, although others managed to escape, the reports said.

Mackindye is situated to the south of Kampala, near the crossroads from which lead the roads to Entebbe airport and the Masaka Region.

Violent fighting reportedly took place yesterday around the town of Budo, on the road from Kampala to Masaka, just 10 miles (15 km) from the Ugandan capital.

NORTHERN GOVERNOR CALLS FOR PUBLIC CALM

LDO41952 Kampala Domestic Service in English 1800 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] The governor of Northern Province, Capt Hassan Galla, has addressed several rallies during which he advised the people to remain calm and continue with their normal duties. At (Tabo) Gombolola headquarters, Captain Galla condemned the practice of rumormongering, saying rumormongers have caused a number of people to quit their homes. He appealed to those who fled their homes to come back as there was no cause for alarm.

On Tanzania's aggression, the governor said that Nyerere had failed to rule his country and had sent soldiers who do not like him to be killed by Ugandan troops. He added that if Tanzanian troops are defeated in the current war, Nyerere will commit suicide.

The governor urged the people of Kitgum to rally behind the government and be prepared to face the enemy against their motherland. He was impressed to hear that the people of (Tabo) have finished sowing the 1979 plants, and as a token of appreciation he gave the subcounty chief of (Tabo) 1,000 shillings. He had earlier on been informed by the county chief of [words indistinct] that a 1-week operation was mounted in this county during which forested mountains were thoroughly checked but no guerrillas or mercenaries were found.

Capt Hassan Galla was very disappointed to see that schools in the province were now closed. Three thousand pupils have run away, and this was only because of rumor-mongering. The provincial commissioner for education, Mr (Emudai) briefed the governor on this matter and the governor directed teachers and pupils to go back to school within 3 days. He warned the rumormongers to stop it and added that if they are found they would face the law of the land. The governor advised the people to be calm.

REBELS REPORTED WITHIN HALF A MILE OF KAMPALA

NC042038 Paris AFP in English 2035 GMT 4 Apr 79 NC

[Text] Nairobi, April 4 (AFP)--Advancing rebel and Tanzanian forces were today reported within one kilometre (half a mile) of the centre of Kampala, reports reaching here from the Ugandan capital said tonight.

[Word indistinct] the Libyan troops sent to the aid of Ugandan President Idi Amin at the end of last week had evacuated Kampala for Jinja, 120 kms (75 miles) to the east, the reports said.

Residents of the south-western outskirts of Kampala heard heavy rifle and mortar fire between 5 p.m. and 7 p.m. (1400 and 1600 GMT), but then the firing stopped and the capital, which has been largely deserted, became quiet again.

However, other residents said anti-government forces had now reached the Queen's Tower Crossroads, the entry to the city proper on the road from the airport.

A resident of Jinja said the country's second largest town was quiet. Field Marshal Amin is reportedly staying in Jinja.

Kampala Radio meanwhile was continuing normal broadcasts at 1030 p.m. (1930 GMT). The radio station is located in the northern part of Kampala.

KAMPALA: AMIN SAYS HE IS 'STILL GOING STRONG'

LD051136 Kampala Domestic Service in English 1040 GMT 5 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] This is the home service of the Uganda Broadcasting Corporation. A special announcement read by [name indistinct]:

The chief of staff of the joint services of the Uganda Armed Forces [passage indistinct] in the capital city of Kampala. (?He told his audience) that he was still going strong and was physically fit. Soldiers assured the field marshal that they are ready to fight the enemy and will do so until the last man. They said they would chase the enemy until he was out of our motherland.

(?They were not ready to listen) to the [words indistinct] and unfounded (?propaganda) [words indistinct] on the imperialist mass media. They assured him (?that their morale is very high), adding that they are (?fully) behind him during this difficult time. They also told him that they were confident that they would defeat the enemy. The chief of staff of the joint services of the Uganda Armed Forces thanked the soldiers for their (?assurance) and informed them that many more of their brothers [words indistinct] and will be joining them soon.

CONGO

CABINET RESHUFFLED, NEW MINISTERS APPOINTED

PA050357 Paris APP in English 0350 GMT 5 Apr 79 PA

[Text] Brazzaville, April 4 (AFP)--Congolese Prime Minister Louis Sylvain Goma today announced a reshuffled Cabinet, including several new faces.

New Congolese President and ruling Labour Party chief Denis Sassou-N'grosso presided over a party Central Committee meeting which drew up the new Cabinet yesterday.

(Colonel Sassou-N'grosso took power in February in a leadership reshuffle and was confirmed in the two top posts by formal election at a special party congress last week.)

The full government list is:

Prime Minister	Col Louis Sylvain Goma
Foreign Affairs and co-operation	Pierre Nze (new) Politburo member
Interior	Maj Francois Xavier Katali Politburo member
Information, post and telecommunications	Capt Florent Tsiba (new) Politburo member
Finance	Henri Lopes
Labour and justice	Victor Tamba-Tamba (new)
Land improvement	
Construction and housing	Moundele Ngolle (new)
Culture, arts and sports, with responsibility for scientific research	Jean Baptiste Tati-Loutard
Education	Antoine Niinga Oba
Youth (new post)	Gabrieli Oba Apounou (new)
Transport and aviation	Hilaire Mounthault (new)
Mines and energy	Rodolphe Adada
Industry and tourism	Marius Nguambenga
Rural economy	Jean Itade (new)
Planning	Pierre Moussa (new)
Trade	Joseph-Elenga Gaporo (new)
Health and social affairs	Pierre Damien Doussoukou Bumba (new)

President Sassou-N'grosso retains the defense portfolio he held before becoming head of state.

ZAIRE

PRESIDENT MOBUTU SESE SEKO PAYS OFFICIAL VISIT TO MIDEAST

President Mobutu Sese Seko visited Saudi Arabia 31 Mar-1 Apr and the UAE, 1-2 Apr issuing a joint statement with the latter. For local reportage of the visits see the Arabian Peninsula section of the 3 April Middle East & North Africa DAILY REPORT.

ANGOLA

LUANDA REISSUES 2 APRIL MILITARY COMMUNIQUE

LD041715 Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 0530 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/EA

[Text] We are once again going to rebroadcast the communique from the Defense Ministry issued yesterday morning and signed by the defense minister, Col Iko Carreira.

Communique: The racist South African troops have once again invaded our territory. Having suffered heavy casualties in personnel and material at the positions of Bango, Caama and Ngiva, the racist South Africans changed the direction of their attacks as a diversionary maneuver and attacked the southern part of the Cuando Cubango Province. With UNITA armed puppet groups and supported by Puma helicopters, they attacked and destroyed the village of (Chamavera) in Cuando Cubango Province near the border with Namibia where Angolan Armed Forces suffered some casualties.

From the office of the Defense Ministry in Luanda, 3 April 1979, year of cadre training.

NAMIBIA

NEW PROPOSALS FOR MONITORING SWAPO TERRORISTS

LD031214 Pretoria INFORMATION SERVICE OF SOUTH AFRICA in English 1020 GMT 3 Apr 79 LD

[Text] Windhoek--The South African Government had asked the South-West Africa/Namibian Constituent Assembly here yesterday to decide within a week if the latest Western proposals on South-West Africa/Namibia were acceptable, political sources said.

Political groups which had talks with Western envoys here at the weekend said diplomats had put a number of additional proposals to them about the monitoring of SWAPO in neighbouring states and the establishment of SWAPO bases within South-West Africa/Namibia.

Among the new points are:

The West had firm undertakings from frontline states that SWAPO forces in states neighboring on South-West Africa/Namibia would report to "localities" in the territory within 48 hours after a ceasefire had been announced.

The terrorists would not be allowed to leave these locations armed.

A ceasefire would be declared at midday instead of at midnight to prevent guerrillas crossing the border at night.

UNITA forces would not be allowed in frontline countries, but civilian liaison officers would be allowed to act as go-betweens with the United Nations.

The ministers had also said SWAPO guerrillas would, according to the Western plan, have the opportunity to vote. Sources said the prime minister said the assembly should consider whether South African forces would still be able to protect South-West Africa/Namibia should the latest proposals be accepted.

Mr. P.K. Botha had pointed out the creation of such "localities" would be an open invitation to SWAPO to send as many men as possible into South-West Africa/Namibia.

S. AFRICAN SECURITY FORCES KILL SIX TERRORISTS

LD041046 Pretoria INFORMATION SERVICE OF SOUTH AFRICA in English 1010 GMT 4 Apr 79 ID

[Text] Windhoek--South African Security Forces had shot and killed six terrorists in the Ovambo operational area of northern South-West Africa/Namibia in the past week, the acting commanding officer of South-West Africa Command, Brigadier P.E.K. Bosman, disclosed here yesterday.

He said in a brief statement the terrorists had been killed in a "high intensity" operation by the Security Forces in two tribal areas in Ovambo.

There had been no casualties on the South African side.

A defence force spokesman said earlier intensive "sweep and search" operations were in progress in areas in Ovambo where SWAPO had claimed to be in control.

The spokesman said at the time isolated groups of terrorists had been found in the area, but he reputed claims that terrorists were in control of a part of Ovambo.

"There is no indication at all that SWAPO is in control of any part Ovambo" he said.

RHODESIA

POLICE COMMISSIONER INTERVIEWED ON ELECTION SECURITY

LD031020 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1700 GMT 1 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Interview with P.K. Allum, Rhodesian commissioner of police, conducted by Rhodesia Broadcasting Corporation journalist David Patterson; time and place of interview not specified]

[Text] [Patterson] The security situation throughout the country is the cause of much discussion and concern, particularly as the general election approaches. Tonight we talk to the commissioner of police, Mr. P.K. Allum. [begin recording]

[Patterson] Mr. Allum, can we establish first of all if the violence we have been told to expect over the election period is a question of prudence or is there firm intelligence to support the warning?

[Allum] We are at the present moment fighting a terrorist war, and we're fighting an enemy that has no scruples in his attacks upon the civilian population at large.

In fact, this seems to be his speciality--the defenseless and the unarmed. We have had a few occasions recently when we've had these lightning strikes into town, and it's our intention in preparation for the election not to take any chances in the urban areas whatsoever. Again, it's not a question of intelligence. We have to face up to the threats posed by the Patriotic Front leaders themselves. They say never, never, never will this election take place, and in answering that challenge it is our intention to insure as much as we possibly can, the peaceful existence and continuation of normal life here in the urban areas.

[Question] Steps have been taken to protect the industrial areas. There's been the declaration of the curfew areas on the Kopje and the industrial sites. Now does this mean that the terrorist will concentrate on strategic targets?

[Answer] He (won't) probably have a go for strategic targets. He'll go at whatever is easiest for him. As I say, his speciality often is the civilian target. But we have taken adequate steps, I feel, to protect those industrial sites here in Salisbury and elsewhere, both by curfew and also increased patrols--which gives me the very certain impression that if he has a crack at them he'll instantly regret it.

[Question] But it does seem in the last few weeks that this has been the target. It's been a police target recently, the tank farm, the thermal station in Salisbury. Is this a trend, a pattern?

[Answer] No, I would prefer to think that that is the work of one or two isolated gangs, without a doubt from the tribal trust lands not too distant from here. There are one or two groups who are looking at Salisbury to see what they can do. Although you do mention those particular cases, there have been others on the periphery of Salisbury where again the selection of target has been quite random and haphazard.

[Question] Now, bearing that in mind, the extended call-up which most men are looking forward to now means that many families will be vulnerable. Now what steps are being taken to protect those families?

[Answer] I prefer not to use that word vulnerable really. Sure, the call-up for the election period is undoubtedly going to remove the head of a house from many homes. We're very conscious of this one and provincial commanders have now, I think, just about finalized their plans to give as much feeling of security to these families as well as everyone else that during the next few ensuing weeks there is no risk to their own personal safety.

I can't enlarge really on too many of the steps that we're taking. But some of the basics are pretty self-evident. We are switching the regulars onto sort of 12-hour shifts without time off. There are many special constabulary--sort of units who are going to increase their patrolling. We have positively fleets of vehicles patrolling the towns these days--or nights rather--full of men who are armed and just looking for the enemy--and here in Salisbury, I can tell you, they're numbered by the scores. And so it is elsewhere. There is a lot of work being done which doesn't catch the public eye, but essentially it all adds up to a very great blanket of security which we want to now cast right over all our urban centers, particularly over the next few weeks. We have every sympathy and feeling for those wives whose husbands have been called up. And we have got, I might remind them, this [word indistinct] supervision scheme whereby they can notify their local police station and this will insure that their premises are visited from time to time by our patrols.

[Question] I find that very reassuring and I'd just like to have you reemphasize, if you will, that the public security, the safety of these families when the head of the family is away, is constantly in the forefront of your mind.

[Answer] Oh, it is, and everything we're doing is directed to just that one thing.

[Question] Now, to return to the election proper. Terrorist leaders, as you've made the point before, have made no secret of their plans to disrupt the election and intimidation of black voters would appear to be the obvious target. Now, can you say, again within the limits imposed by security, what steps will be taken to prevent that intimidation?

[Answer] Of course, police are always monitoring--those in urban and rural areas--for intimidation. You know, we've been doing this for many, many years. And right now I suppose we have two types of intimidation that can apply. One is that which will prevent the voter from going to the polling booth and the other is the interparty intimidation which has been reported from time to time. I think the latter can be fairly described as pretty low-scale. Our ministers' warning in this respect, I think, has been understood very clearly by everyone and it's had its impact. Insofar as the voters are concerned, well, both in the urban and rural areas (?armed) Security Forces are now directing their attention to this particular need to allow the individual to go and cast his vote, and I feel that the steps taken both in the town areas and also in the rural areas are more than adequate.

[Question] In that case, if polling booths themselves will be an obvious and clearly identifiable target, can you say what protection will be given there?

[Answer] Well, there will be protection. The sort of protection that we all have in mind or were planning of at the present moment is not just expressed in the form of a handful of armed men at individual polling stations, but, rather, a much more in-depth network of manpower which can instantly respond to any particular incident, no matter where it occurs. So, it's degree of protection which we have in mind.

[Question] Now, there can be no doubt of the importance of this election. For it to be a success a climate of trust and security must be created and the police force must play an obvious and great part in this. Can you comment on how you propose to engender this kind of...

[Answer] I think by and large over the years, in the maintenance of law and order, we have been able to create that climate of confidence and security. Coming up now to a rather critical period, I feel that on performance we'll be able to afterwards claim that we have met with our obligation. It's in this connection as from tomorrow we intend to have groups of police officers going to all sectors of commerce and industry discussing with them once more their problems in relation to physical security and also answer any questions relating to that sort of thing and procedures in relation to their premises. This will come into the ambit of their discussions. That is the program that we're starting off from tomorrow. In addition to that we have the heightened sort of patrolling program that I've mentioned, that we'll be embarking upon.

And all in all if there is any critical incident that does occur, I'd ask the public to remain cool, remain confident, because without a doubt we're going to have our election and heaven help those who try to obstruct or intervene. [end recording]

DAYTIME CURFEW IMPOSED ON INDUSTRIAL, FUEL DEPOT SITES

LD041430 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 3 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] The curfew hours affecting the Salisbury heavy industrial sites have been extended to cover the hours between 6 am and 6 pm daily with immediate effect.

Announcing this today, a police spokesman said that in addition the area enclosing the entire fuel depot in the Birmingham Road complex will be cordoned off permanently. This will affect persons travelling on the (Paisely) Road as it will in effect become a no-through-road from 6 am tomorrow.

UANC OFFICIAL OUTLINES FOREIGN POLICY PLATFORM

LD031644 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 2 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] The United National African Council spokesman of foreign affairs, Mr Nyandoro, says that if the UANC wins the coming election its foreign policy will be one of non-alignment and the self-interest of the people of Zimbabwe-Rhodesia. He said the organization would also like to cooperate with all freedom-loving countries in the world and to become full members of the Organization of African Unity, the nonaligned conference and the United Nations.

Turning to possible political changes in Britain, Mr Nyandoro said he hopes that if a conservative government is returned in next month's general election it would immediately recognize the new government of Zimbabwe-Rhodesia.

SMITH SPEAKS ON GOVERNMENT UNITY, UK TIES WITH OAU

LD041450 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 0400 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] The prime minister, Mr Ian Smith, says that trust and confidence between the black and white members of the transitional government has grown and is continuing to grow. Speaking at a Rhodesian Front election campaign in Bulawayo yesterday, Mr Smith said this has been helped by the British Government, which he described as a common enemy to the blacks and whites in this country. He said the British Government has followed a gigantic operation of appeasement, especially with the more militant members of the Organization of African Unity. The prime minister added that it is because of this policy that British and American efforts to achieve a peaceful solution to the country's problems have failed. He asked everyone to vote and added: If a lot of people vote, there is a better chance of our getting recognition than if a few vote.

MUZOREWA SPEAKS OF U.S.-UK-SOVIET PLOT AGAINST RHODESIA

LD031310 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 0400 GMT 3 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] A member of the Executive Council and leader of the UANC, Bishop Muzorewa, says there is a diabolical plot linking the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union against Rhodesia. Speaking in Salisbury, Bishop Muzorewa said it is well known that President Carter is anxious to reach an agreement with the Moscow government over the signing of the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty. He added: It makes me wonder, therefore, if some secret agreement has not been arrived at under which Rhodesia is to be abandoned by the United States with the connivance of Britain in return for a modification of the SALT agreement favorable to the Americans. The UANC leader accused both the British and American governments of what he called international political expediency in their support of externally-based terrorist movements.

ZANU CLARIFIES STAND ON ISSUE OF ALL-PARTY CONFERENCE

LD291222 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 28 Mar 79 LD/CA

[Text] ZANU has issued a statement to correct an impression created this morning by reports in the RBC and in the HERALD. The statement says ZANU has not called for an all-party conference. It says remarks made by Mr Ben Muvuti were in reply to Bishop Muzorewa's remarks that he will have nothing to do with the externally based leaders if he comes to power. Mr Muvuti said a ZANU government would be prepared to talk with these leaders. However, the statement goes on: The president of ZANU has stressed repeatedly that an all-party conference before the election is out of the question.

ZANU ISSUES STATEMENT ON INDEPENDENCE, ECONOMIC GROWTH

LD041432 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1600 GMT 3 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] In a press statement issued today, ZANU says it believes political independence will not mean anything if it is not immediately accompanied by economic development. ZANU says it intends doubling its efforts to make independence real and for the benefit of the people, both in the cultural field as well as the technical aspect. The party also affirms its intention of giving the traditional tribal chiefs a privileged place within the framework of an independent Zimbabwe.

A ZANU spokesman announced today that the party president, the Rev Ndabaningi Sithole, will address two meetings in Fort Victoria tomorrow. Both meetings will be held in the civic center.

ZAPU'S NKOMO ORDERS FORCES TO STEP UP MILITARY ACTIVITY

LD041438 Lusaka Domestic Service in English 1800 GMT 3 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] The ZAPU wing of the Patriotic Front has taken permanent occupation and control of all areas in Rhodesia liberated from enemy occupation. This was announced in Lusaka today by ZAPU President Mr Joshua Nkomo, when he signed a declaration entitled "turning point [few words indistinct]." The declaration was also signed by 102 executive members of the Revolutionary Council of ZAPU at a press conference held at Mr Nkomo's residence.

The declaration orders ZIPRA [Zimbabwe People's Revolutionary Army] forces throughout Rhodesia to openly engage and drive any remaining enemies or their agents out of ZIPRA-controlled areas. Mr Nkomo also ordered his forces to step up military activities and take over other areas still under rebel control, including all rebel military, economic and other strategic installations.

The declaration gives ZIPRA the mandate to protect all citizens within liberated areas, irrespective of their creed, race or color, as well as to receive and protect any members of the enemy forces who decide to support or cooperate with them.

ZIPRA forces are also to run agricultural, educational and health projects in all liberated areas. He said the time was up for anyone concerned with the liberation of Zimbabwe to dislodge the racist regime, using any weapons available.

SALISBURY CONFIRMS ZAMBIAN REPORTS OF LEAFLET DROPS

LD031130 Salisbury Domestic Service in English 1115 GMT 2 Apr 79 LD/CA

[Text] A Zambian police spokesman says a Rhodesian aircraft violated Zambian airspace on Saturday and dropped pamphlets protesting against Zambian support for terrorists. The pamphlets were dropped late at night in southern Zambia. The spokesman said the pamphlets told Zambians that the people of Zimbabwe Rhodesia have no quarrel with them and that the Rhodesian Security Force attacks are aimed at Nkomo's bandits operating from inside Zambia. The pamphlets read: Nkomo's men eat food that should go to Zambians and they shoot down Zambian planes. They outnumber the Zambian Army and are a threat to all Zambians. Rhodesia wants only to live in peace with Zambia. We will have majority rule in Zimbabwe Rhodesia by May 1979.

Combined Operations Headquarters has confirmed that its aircraft dropped leaflets over Zambia, but a military spokesman was unable to say whether similar leaflet drops had been made or were planned to be made over other neighboring black states.

SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG REPORTS GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS ON DEFENSE

LD041634 Johannesburg International Service in English 1500 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD

[Text] A white paper on defense and armaments supply tabled in the South African Parliament says the army's activities are still focused on maintaining and employing a balanced and battle-ready land force to discourage or combat conventional, semi-conventional or insurgency onslaughts against South Africa and South-West Africa. The South African Army battle school was established last year to provide conventional training for formations and units of the army on a practical basis in order to retain conventional expertise. All the army's conventional formations up to divisional level will undergo training at the battle school.

On the question of South-West Africa's landward defenses, the white paper says the protection of the territory and its peoples against terrorism remains a priority which has been one of the most important activities of the South African Army in the past year. The success of the South-West African election in December last year is proof of the mutual confidence and good relations that have been built up over the years between the army and the local population in the operational areas. The paper says the turnover of whites in the South African Navy remains high, and there is a shortage of general duties officers and various other categories of personnel. On the other hand, the colored and Indian ranks have increased from 17.5 percent in 1977 to 20 percent of the navy's present permanent force personnel.

Further Report

LD042246 Johannesburg International Service in English 2100 GMT 4 Apr 79 LD

[Excerpt] A South African white paper on defense, tabled in Parliament, says the military threat against the country is intensifying at an alarming rate, and South Africa is increasingly being thrown on her own resources in order to insure survival. Although terrorism is the primary threat against South Africa, growing interference by the major powers may result in an intensified military confrontation in southern Africa. The country's actions in South-West Africa, in fact, have shown that despite international condemnation, purposeful and positive action can provide important initiatives to resist the threat against the republic. The paper says an important development is that terrorist organizations are beginning to pose a threat to their host countries in southern Africa. Those countries will soon have to choose between peace and development on the one hand, and continued conflict and stagnation on the other. Although South Africa seeks peace, no responsible government can allow its population to be exposed to terrorism from bases outside its borders. The paper says South Africa and other moderate states which are actively threatened by the expansion of Marxist influence, are being prejudiced to an increasing extent by changed Western policies. Western powers are resorting to a great extent to a selective human rights policy to ingratiate themselves with the Third World while the Marxist threat is being underestimated. The white paper says the aggressive pattern of expansion of influence in Africa by the Soviet Union and its satellite states, which began in Angola in 1975, has since increased. This includes the presence of troops from East Germany in Angola, while a growing East German involvement in Mozambique is also perceptible. At the same time, Soviet support for terrorist organizations in southern Africa has increased. On the question of South-West Africa's landward defenses, the white paper says the protection of the territory and its peoples against terrorism remains a priority which has been one of the most important activities of the South African Army in the past year.

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